Game Based Assessments Are they really the future?

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Prepared by:

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Who I am



- Chartered Psychologist
- Managing Director of Sten10 Ltd. / Chair of ABP
- Publisher-independent
- (Was an) avid gamer



Agenda

LEVEL 1 - Introduction to Game Based Assessment

- Key parameters of a GBA
- Four types of GBA

LEVEL 2 - Evidence Base

- Types of Evidence
- Reliability / Validity / Adverse impact / Engagement

LEVEL 3 - Conclusions





Level 1 Introduction to GBA





Key Parameters of a GBA

- Nature: Gamification vs. Game Based Assessment
- Type: Custom-built vs. pre-existing vs. gamified traditional vs. VR
- Measures: performance, behavioural choice and / or 'meta-data' to assess:
 - Abilities:
 - Cognitive processing speed
 - Attention span
 - Working memory
 - V, N, A reasoning
 - Personality traits:
 - Persistence
 - Risk propensity
 - Emotional Intelligence
 - 'Role-Fit' A.I. % match



Gamification in Recruitment



If you have what it takes to be an engineer in the Air Force call the number below.

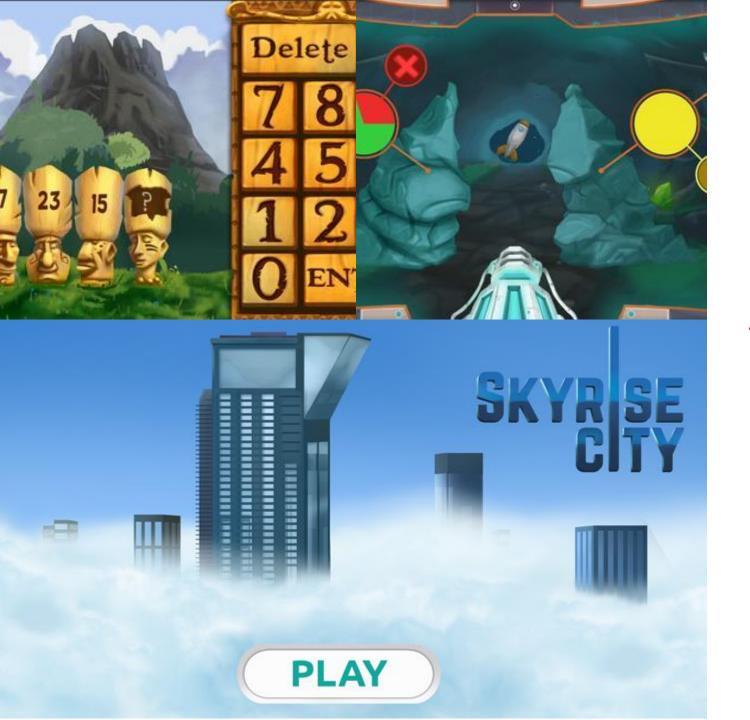
%3+2¹³+14³+5+ (sinh x - ∑ x^{2K+1} (2K+1)!) = AIR F⊕RCE ACCOMPLISHED



Types of GBA

1. Custom-Built GBA's





Arctic Shores

Knack

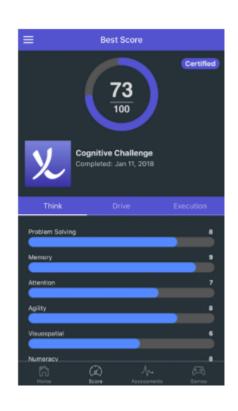








HireVue (formerly MindX)











Dirty glass



Broken glass



Damaged frame



Faded panes

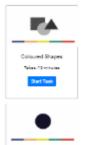


Quest



Welcome to your Mosaic tasks dashboard

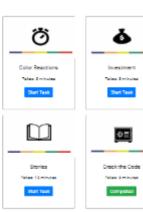
Please complete each task when you have the time and privacy to find the whole task in one go without distraction. You do not have to complete all the tests in one sitting and you can leap track of your progress here.

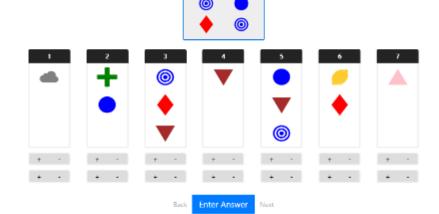


Shades and Shapes

Start fook



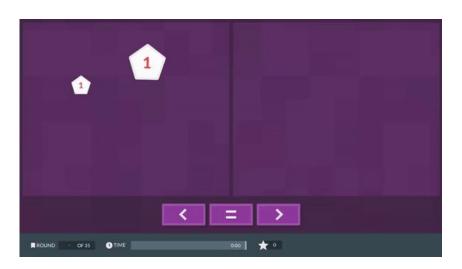




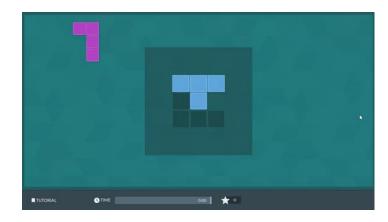
Show Instructions

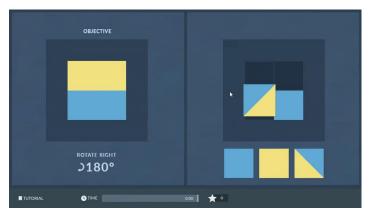
Revelian











Pymetrics







Types of GBA

2. Pre-existing



'Pre-Existing' Games





Table 2: IPIP C	Q. C		
Statement	Game Variable	Power	
	KillsPerSecond	-0.11	
I love children	HitsPerSecond	-0.10	190 4 10 1 600
1 love children	HeadShotsPerSecond	-0.11	4
	UnlockScorePerSecond	-0.14	

Types of GBA

3. Tailored Traditional



Gamified Assessments (Not 'Games'?)





Types of GBA

4. Virtual Worlds, Virtual Reality









best mile

Level 2
Evidence
Base





The Challenges

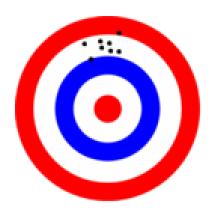
The challenges of establishing psychometric properties:

- A New Market GBA Test publishers are quite young meaning evidence of predictive power is limited by necessity
- Generalisations about the evidence base are difficult compared to 'traditional' psychometrics due to the variety of design
- Objectivity Investigating GBAs objectively is problematic as commercial IP is tied up in the algorithms used. Also, most research being funded and facilitated by the publishers themselves
- Common method variance using GBAs changes the way constructs are measured (construct validity)
- Complex not only raw score but thousands of meta-data points are measured

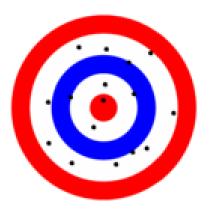




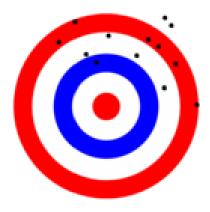
Reliability and Validity



Reliable not Valid Precise not Accurate



Not Reliable but Valid Not Precise but Accurate

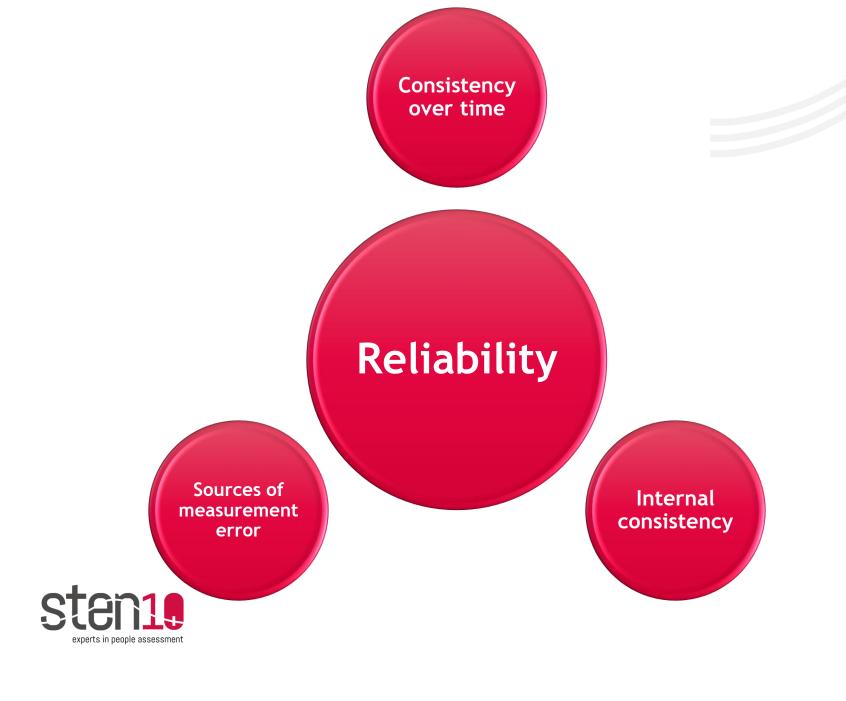


Not Reliable and not Valid Not Precise and not Accurate



Reliable and Valid Precise and Accurate





Consistency

(All from test GBA test publishers)

Internal consistency

- 0.6 0.9 (n = 6,000)
- 0.51 0.96 (n = < 100)
- 0.84 (n = 500)

(n.b. typical vs maximum ideal values)

Consistency over time

0.57 – 0.82 test-retest

Parallel form

- 0.44 0.79 for subtests
- >0.9 for app version vs laptop version



Sources of Measurement Error

Length of assessment

Greater engagement: longer assessment: better reliability? (Riley, 2015)

Distortion

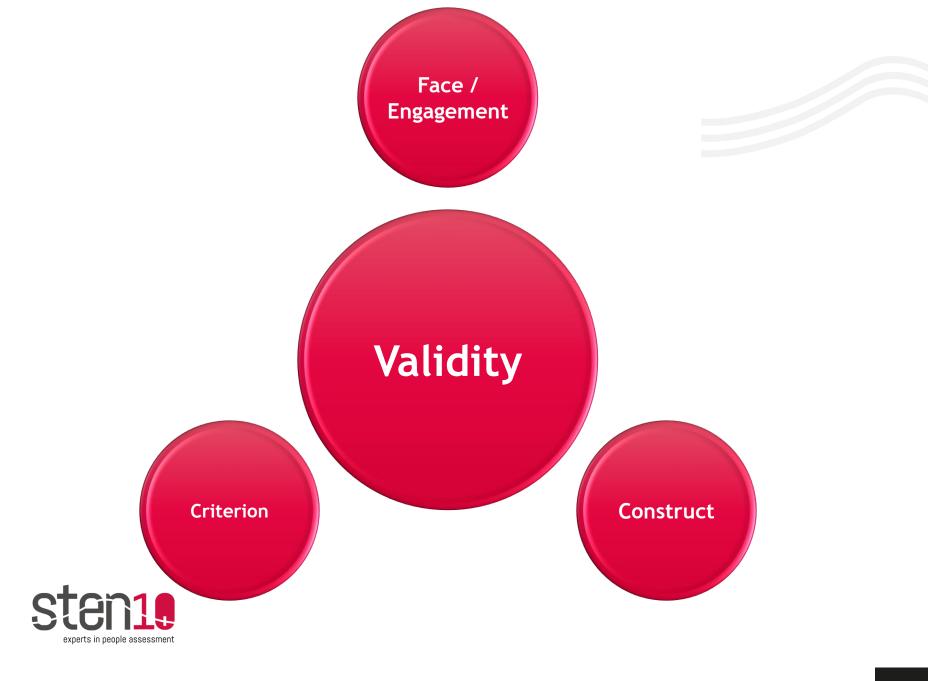
 GBA assesses behaviour directly, not through self report: more resistant to distortion? (Landers, 2015) Scores modified on self-report PQs for extraversion and agreeableness, but unable to in a GBA (Montefiori, 2016)

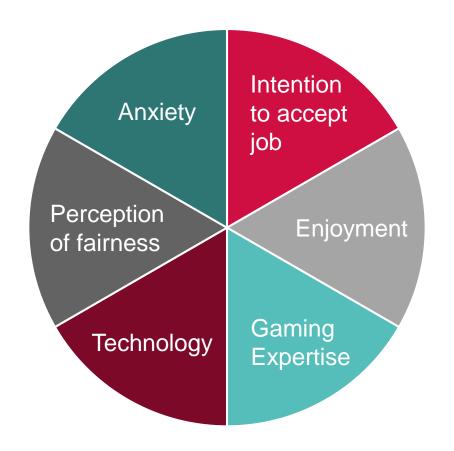
Irrelevant Factors

Potential reliance on irrelevant factors such as hand-eye co-ordination.
 Highly interactive games may create unnecessary cognitive load.
 (Zapata-Rivera & Bauer, 2012)



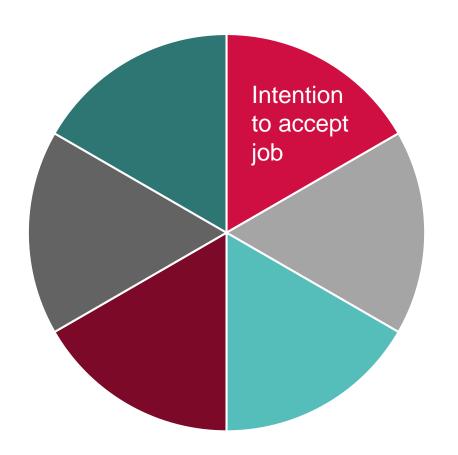








Sten19 Face Validity / Engagement

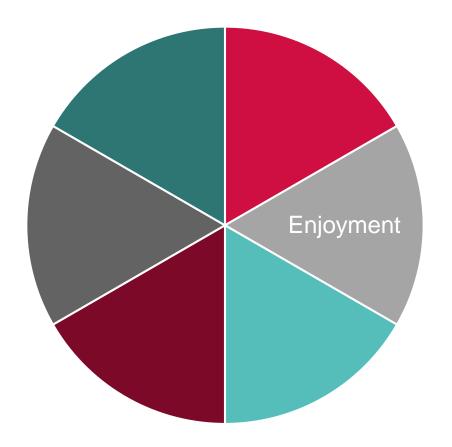


Intention to accept job offer

Animated characters = positive attitude towards hiring company, stronger intention to accept a job offer (e.g. Motowidlo et al., 1990; Richman-Hirsch et al., 2000; Bruk-Lee et al., 2012)



Face Validity / Engagement



Enjoyment

+ve

- A test publisher found 94.3% of ppts (N = 1747) reported enjoyed playing a GBA
- Another test publisher found 90% of candidates feel that GBAs are the same or better than traditional assessments

-ve

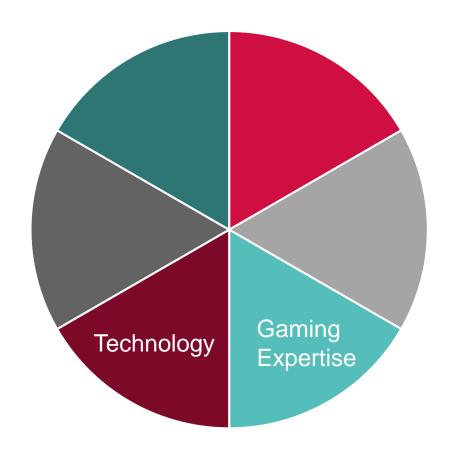
 Candidates value ease of use and usability more than enjoyment. Most candidates would prefer job relevant test (e.g. work sample) over fun games. (Laumer et al. 2012)

Enjoyment mediated by individual differences:

 Oostrom et al (2011): candidate perceptions positively correlated with personality traits of Openness and Agreeableness



Face Validity / Engagement



Gaming Expertise

A test publisher (2014) found 80% 'enjoyed' gamified learning tool BUT 'hard-core gamers' disengaged. Millennials most likely to logon, but quickest to drop out. Also found males more likely to engage with the game

Technology

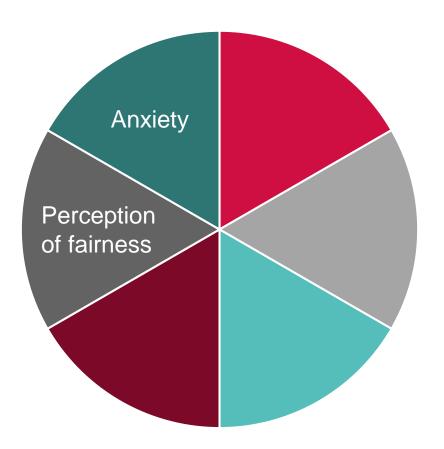
Preuss (2017) found that 60% of candidates prefer using Gamified SJT over a traditional SJT.

However, technological difficulties for some candidates resulted in lower perception of gamified SJT



Face Validity / Engagement

Perception of 'fairness'



- A quarter of candidates believe completing an assessment on a mobile device would provide a 'fair' testing experience (Fursman & Tuzinski, 2015)
- Landers (2017) found test takers consider GBA 'fairer' than general cognitive ability tests
- Different publisher's manual showed 40% saw it as more fair, 40% less fair

Anxiety

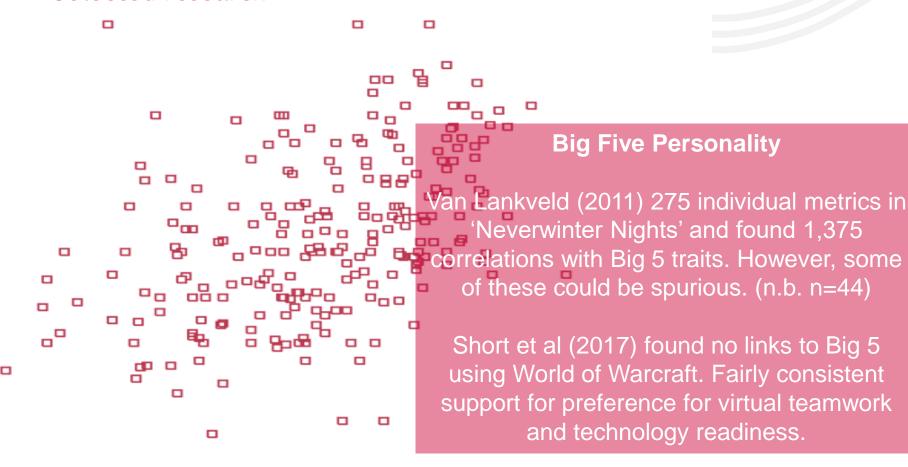
- 74% (n=200) felt less anxiety for GBA, 89% enjoyed the selection process, 81% felt more excited about the prospect of working for the firm (test publisher research)
- Geimer et al (2015) found Candidates experienced higher levels of anxiety when feedback is given in game



Face Validity / Engagement

Construct Validity

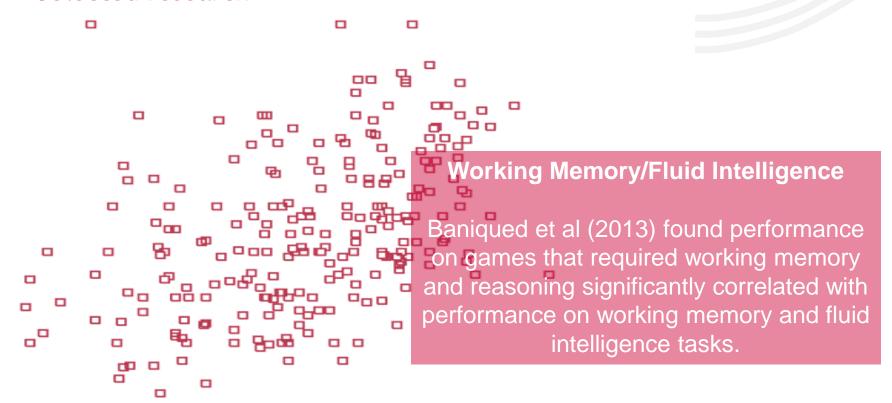
-Selected research





Construct Validity

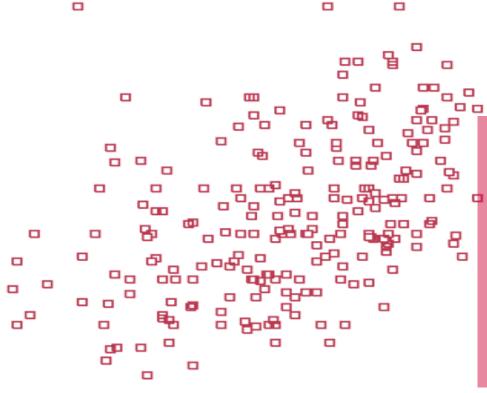
-Selected research





Construct Validity

-Selected research



Correlations with established measures of same constructs:

Test-provider 1*: 0.24 to 0.44

Test provider 2*: 0.2 to 0.26

Test provider 3*: 0.3 to 0.54



Construct Validity cont.

Figure 1 below for results. Personality constructs were found to be partly similar. There were varying results for cognitive abilities (divergent – different, convergent – similar).

	Proc. Capacity	Proc. Speed	Att. Control	Persis- tence	Risk Appetite	Perf. Press.	Man. Ambig.	Exec. Function	Inno. Potential
conscientious	.03	.04	10	.01	- .18*	.05	.04	07	05
energetic	01	02	- .19*	.16	.02	.04	15	12	04
fx	.28**	.15	.14	.08	.07	.05	.09	.21*	.23**
lct	.42**	.28**	.07	.03	08	.08	.22**	.25**	.30**
sparks_fluency	.04	.03	.02	- .18*	.07	.10	.02	.01	03
sparks_flexibility	.09	.04	01	11	.10	.06	.02	.01	.01
sparks_originality	.05	09	.05	.15	.04	12	.01	.05	.10

Note. ** p < .01. * p < .05. N = 149. Expected and significant correlations shaded in green. Not expected but significant correlations shaded in grey. Expected but not significant correlations shaded in yellow.

Criterion Validity

- Selected Research

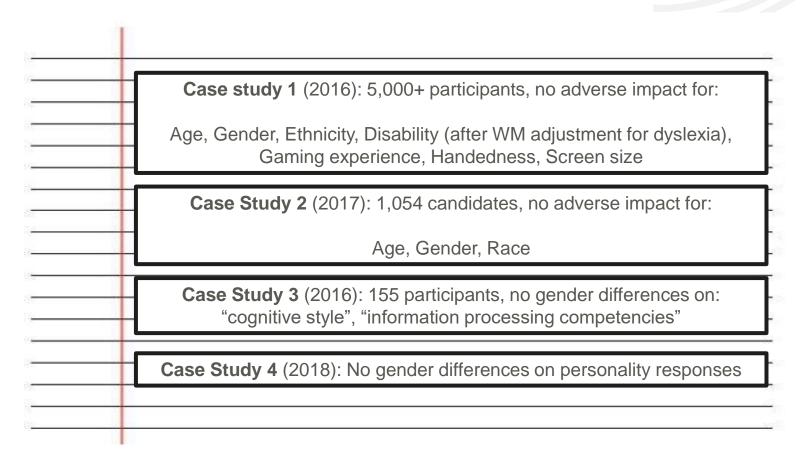
Landers (2017) aimed to validate a cognitive ability GBA through comparison with a traditional test battery and found:

• The game predicted 'grade point average' outcome measure better than 15 separate Spearman's g measures (Spearman's g provided no 'unique' prediction).

Other case studies from GBA publishers:

- Prediction of selection success for air traffic controllers (2017). Significant difference between successful and unsuccessful applicants' mean scores on GBA (p>.001)
- Overall AC pass rate in 2016 = 24% Now in 2017 = 40% (60% for some Business Areas)
- Hi / low manager rating versus GBA performance: 0.019 sig.
- Global Tech Co.: Quality of Hire survey: .162 and .220
- Prediction of competency scores in AC for sales roles ranged between .135 to .347.
- Prediction of competency performance at a retail company Multiple R .539
- High performance contact centre agents made 66% more bookings in value than the lowest performers, 10% more calls in a month on average

Adverse Impact





BUT, SHOULD there be group differences to reflect what we know about human nature?

Level 3 Conclusions





Summary

'The practice of gamification has far outpaced researcher understanding of its processes and methods' (Landers et al, 2015).

- Relative lack of peer-reviewed, academic (non-vendor-led) research.
- Of the evidence there is, reliability (internal consistency and over time), engagement and adverse impact data looks promising. Construct validity and parallel form reliability is positive, with caveats. Validity on laterassessment stages and on the job looks good, although more academicled research would be beneficial.



Thank you!

Any Questions?



